line-intersect-2d

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CHAPTER

ONE

BASICS

The basic classes are as follows:

```
class line_intersect_2d.basics.Point
```

A single point.

This is immutable, hashable and __eq_able. Take care when comparing floats.

This overloads +, -, * and /

Parameters

- **x**(*float*) **x** coordinate
- **y** (float) y coordinate

Variables

- **x** x coordinate (float)
- **y** y coordinate (float)

add()

Returns result of adding this point to another point

Parameters p (Point) - point p

Returns new Point

Return type Point

div()

Returns result of dividing this point by a factor

Parameters p(float) – point p

Returns new Point

Return type *Point*

mul()

Returns result of multiplying this point by a factor Parameters p (float) – point p Returns new Point Return type *Point*

sub()

Returns result of the difference between this point and p

Parameters p(Point) – point p

Returns new Point

Return type Point

class line_intersect_2d.basics.Segment

A segment.

This is immutable (save for tag), <u>eq</u> able and hashable.

Parameters

- **start** (*Vector*) start point
- **stop** (Vector) stop point

Variables

- **start** start point (Point)
- **stop** stop point (Point)
- tag tag (int), writable
- **q_nodes** numbers of q-nodes that this segment belongs to (tp.List[int])

intersection_point()

Get the point of intersection between this segment and s

Parameters sa (Segment) - segment s

Returns point of intersection

Return type Point

Raises ValueError – there is no intesection

class line_intersect_2d.quadtrees.Path
 A path made from connected segments.

This is immutable.

Constructor works as:

```
>>> p = Path([Segment(...), Segment(...)])
```

or

```
>>> p = Path((x1, y1), (x2, y2), ...)
```

Variables segments – list of segments (tp.List[Segment])

CHAPTER

TWO

USAGE

First you need to create your *Path* objects. Assume that paths you pass are numbered from 0 to n.

After you make them, you just pass them to

line_intersect_2d.quadtrees.check_intersection()

Check whether any number of paths intersect.

Parameters

- paths (tp.List[Path]) paths to check
- **split_factor** (*float*) Factor that the tree should be constructed. Eg. for the default value of 0.1 the grid will be divided into 10 rows and 10 columns. Default is 0.1

Returns a tuple of two segments from different paths that intersect, or None if no intersection

Return type tp.Optional[tp.Tuple[Segment, Segment]]

Note that a *split_factor* will divide the grid into (*1/split_factor*)**2, so in case of the default *split_factor* of 0.1 100 subrectangles will be made.

Which will return either a tuple of (*Segment*, *Segment*) two segments from different paths (which paths it will be stored in their tag attribute, the number that was aforementioned) or *None* will be returned, if they don't collide

You can use later line_intersect_2d.basics.Segment.intersection_point() to calculate the intersection point.

Installation:

Just do

```
pip install snakehouse satella
pip install line-intersect-2d
```

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